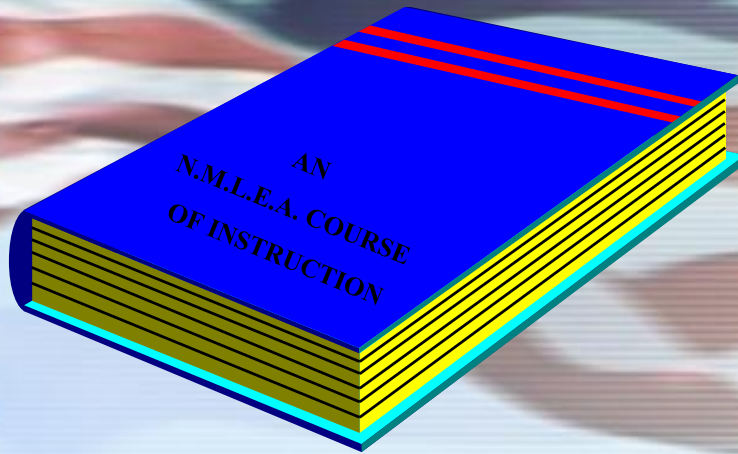


NEW MEXICO



MOTOR

VEHICLE

All books will become light in proportion as you find light in them.

- Mortimer Jerome Adler

(1902–) American philosopher, educator,
professor, author, editor, innovator

CODE

INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS

- To Provide New Mexico Police Cadets - Recruits a working knowledge of appropriate enforcement of traffic laws, use of the Motor Vehicle Code as an enforcement tool, and proper use of enforcement forms.

Instructional Objectives: Vehicle Code and Enforcement

- 1. Understand levels of government, related to vehicle codes and regulations.
- 2. Identify (2) two sources of standards for driver/pedestrian behavior and vehicle equipment.
- 3. Define the function of law enforcement within the context highway transportation system.
- 4. Understand how officers have the ability to enforce traffic laws and maintain traffic safety.
- 5. Be able to grade vehicle/traffic offenses.
- 6. Define pedestrian, person, driver, owner.
- 7. Define roadways/travel ways.
- 8. List elements of homicide by vehicle.
- 9. Traffic control devices.
- 10. Duties of driver involve in an accident.

Instructional Objectives:

Title, Registration and Vehicle Identification

1. Identify what, if any, offense exists, given the requirements to title a vehicle in New Mexico and procedures for making application for title.
2. Identify what, if any, offense exists, given provisions regulating the transfer of ownership of vehicles.
3. Identify what, if any, offense exists given the requirement to register vehicles in NM and provisions regarding the content of registration documents.
4. Define the limitation on its use, given provisions for special registration, e.g. handicap, veteran, antique auto dealer, etc., and given a special registration plate.
5. Define required evidence to show compliance, given compliance provisions regarding insurance, and vehicle identification.
6. Identify what, if any, offense exists given provisions that prohibit fraud and/or falsified vehicle identification documents.

Instructional Objectives: Driver Licensing

- This course will also enable the participant to understand the laws regarding drivers licenses.

Instructional Objectives:

Occupant Safety

- 1. Identify and describe various types of occupant protection devices, how they work, and how effective they are.
- 2. Define the crash and injury risks of driving faced by police officers and the public.
- 3. Define the benefits of occupant protection for police officers.
- 4. Define the myths and misconceptions related to the use of occupant protection devices by police officers and by the general public.
- 5. Define the dynamics of various types of motor vehicle crashes, and discuss the relationship between injury classifications and crash types.
- 6. Define the provisions of New Mexico's occupant protection laws.
- 7. Define the importance of enforcing those laws.
- 8. Define the importance of the police role model in fostering public compliance with occupant protection laws and relevance to community policing.

Instructional Objectives:

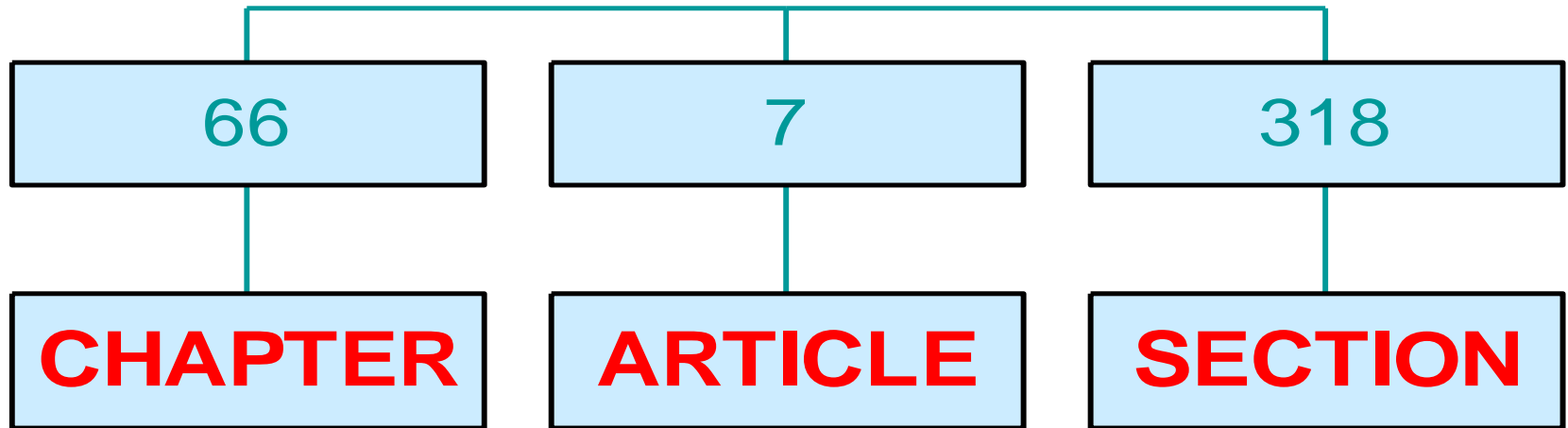
- 1. Define selective enforcement.
- 2. Reasons for issuing warnings
- 3. Understand when violators can be arrested.
- 4. Know the information required on traffic citations.
- 5. Be able to explain options for the citation to violators
- 6. Know when to make notification of roadway repair.
- 7. Know when vehicles can be removed for obstructing traffic.
- 8. Understand how to assist stranded motorists.
- 9. Realize the ethical issues affecting traffic enforcement.

MOTOR VEHICLE CODE STRUCTURE

- I. ORGANIZATION AND CONTENT
 - A. Cover and Title Page
 - B. Table of Contents
 - C. Index



Technique Of Printing



66-7-314

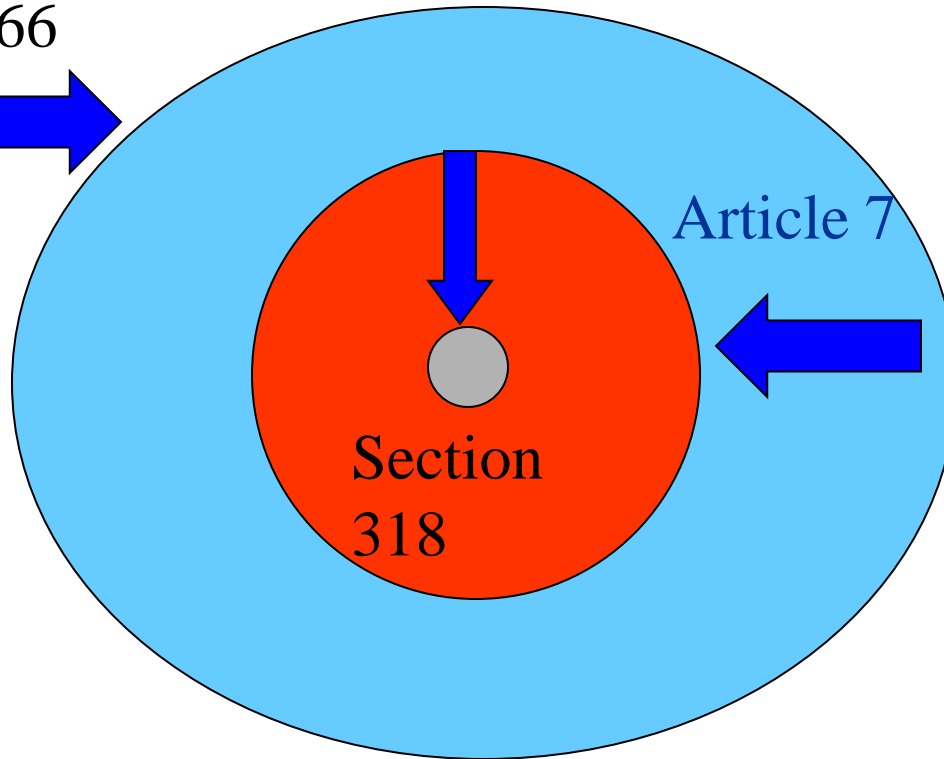
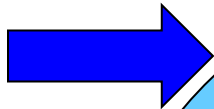
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Chapter 66

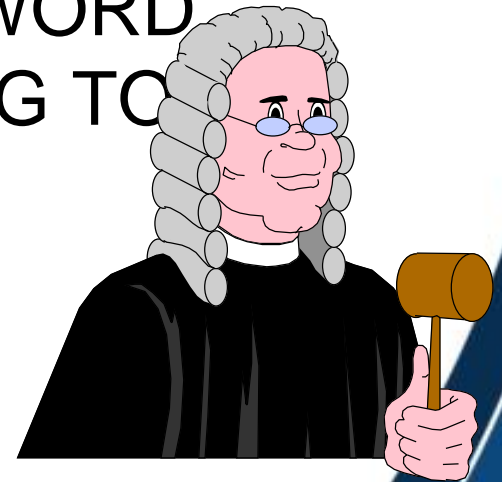


Article 7

Section
318

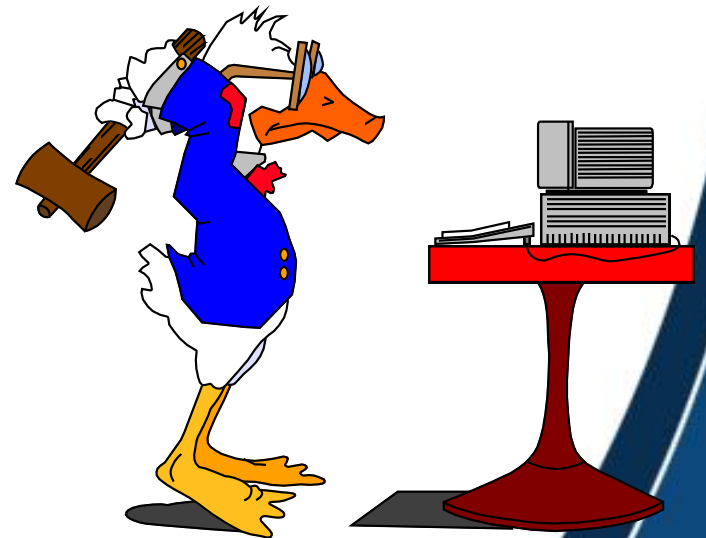
DEFINITION OF STATUTES

- “A STATUTE IS AN ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE EXPRESSING THEIR WRITTEN WILL OR INTENT.”
- NOTE: THE WORD STATUTE IS SYNONYMOUS WITH THE WORD SECTION WHEN REFERRING TO MOTOR VEHICLE CODE



STATUTES - MAY BE BROKEN INTO THREE BROAD CLASSIFICATIONS ACCORDING TO THEIR CONTENT.

- 1. DEFINITIVE
- 2. PROCEDURAL
- 3. PUNITIVE



DEFINITIVE

- THESE SECTIONS DEFINE, LIMIT OR EXPLAIN THE MEANING OF WORDS OR PHRASES.

PROCEDURAL

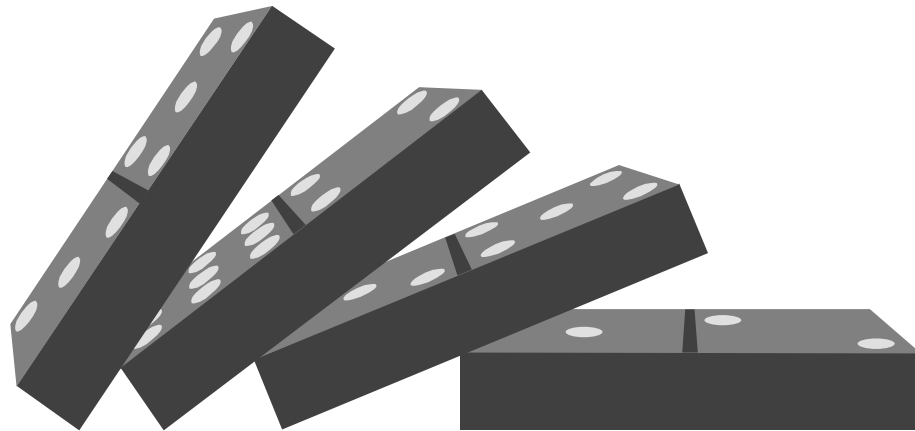
- THESE SECTIONS DESCRIBE THE METHODS OF PROCEEDING IN A COURSE OF ACTION; (THEY STATE THE PROPER METHOD TO FOLLOW) THE RULES OF LAW BY WHICH LEGAL ACTIONS ARE CONDUCTED.

PUNITIVE

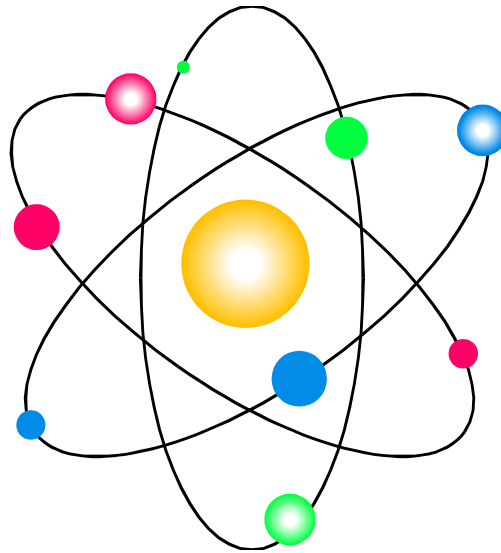
- THESE SECTIONS REQUIRE A CERTAIN ACTION OR PROHIBIT A CERTAIN ACTION AND PROVIDE A PENTALTY OR PUNISHMENT FOR VIOLATIONS.

EVERY OFFENSE CONSISTS OF VARIOUS ELEMENTS

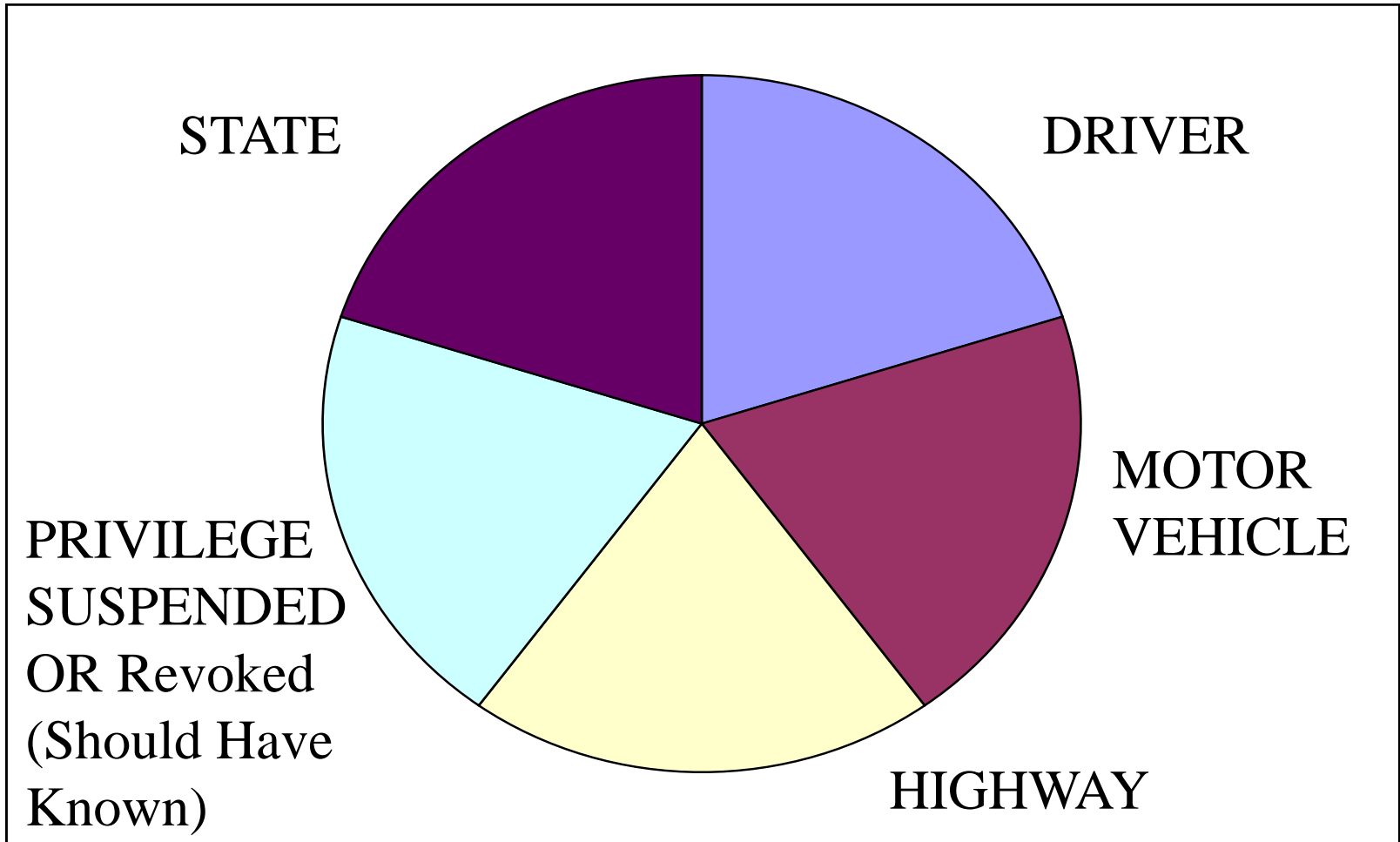
- (COMPONENT PARTS) WHICH ARE SET-FORTH IN THE STATUTE DEFINING OR CREATING THE OFFENSE.



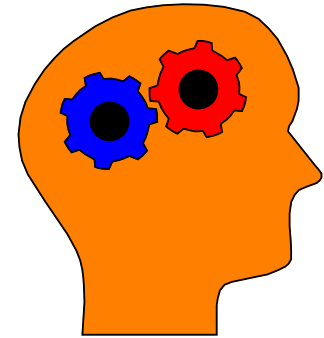
**ALL ELEMENTS MUST BE
PRESENT TO CONSTITUTE A
VIOLATION OF THE OFFENSE.**



**CONSIDER THE OFFENSE AS A PIE; EACH PIECE
AS AN ELEMENT. REMOVE AN ELEMENT AND WE
WILL NOT HAVE A WHOLE PIE.**



QUESTION?



ELEMENTS WHY?

UNDERSTANDING

PROSECUTOR MUST
PROVE EACH ELEMENT
PRESENT.

STATUTE 66-7-357

EXAMPLE OF (DRIVERS OBSTRUCTION)

EXAMPLE OF ESSENTIAL FACTS

(5) PEOPLE IN FRONT SEAT OF A VEHICLE

**(4) PEOPLE IN TRUCK STANDARD TRANS.
INTERFERING WITH DRIVER'S CONTROL.**

STATUTE 66-7-317 (ROADWAYS LANED FOR TRAFFIC)

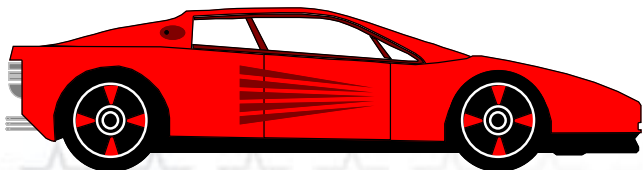
EXAMPLE OF ESSENTIAL FACTS

3 LANE ROAD, DRIVING IN “TURN ONLY” LANE

2 LANE ROAD STRADLING CENTER LINE

**2 LANE ROAD DRIVING ON SHOULDER AND
RIGHT LANE OR LEFT LANE**

**2 LANE ROAD DRIFTED FROM RIGHT LANE TO
LEFT LANE CAUSING VEHICLE TO LEAVE THE
ROADWAY INTO THE MEDIAN**



LEVELS OF GOVERNMENT

- **1. Federal Level**

- a. Equipment standards
- b. Interstate commerce

- **2. State Level**

- a. State statute

- **3. Local Level**

- a. City ordinances
 - 1. Traffic codes
 - 2. Parking codes



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Two sources of standards for driver/pedestrian behavior and vehicle equipment.

1. New Mexico criminal and traffic law Manuel.
2. City ordinances and city codes.

The function of law enforcement

- 1. In order to maintain safe conditions for all highway users.**
- 2. To create a deterrent to violators and potential violators.**
- 3. To obtain compliance to traffic regulations.**



How officers have the ability to enforce traffic laws and maintain traffic safety.

1. Authority to stop vehicles/persons.
2. Authority to inspect vehicle equipment.
3. Authority to weigh or measure vehicles.
4. Authority to access and/or check records.
5. Under city code 8-1-2-46



Grading Vehicle Code Offences

- 1. Petty Misdemeanor
- 2. Misdemeanor(I.E. Careless driving 66-8-114)
- 3. Felony(I.E. homicide by vehicle 66-8-101)



Definition of terms in vehicle codes.

- **1. Pedestrian**

- a. Any person on foot (66-1-4-14d)

- **2. Person**

- a. Every natural person, firm, co-partnership, association, corporation, or legal entity. (66-1-4.14e)

- **3. Driver**

- a. Every person who drives or is in actual control of a vehicle. (66-1-4.4k)

- **4. Vehicle**

- a. Every device in, upon, or by which any person or property is or may be transported or drawn upon a roadway, except devices moved by human power. (66-1-4.19b)

Definition of Highways, Streets, Roadway, Roads.

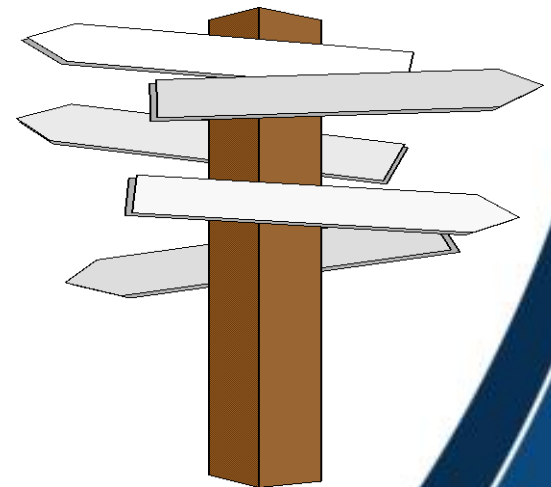
- 1. Highway, Street, Public Way,

”Main Traveled Portion of the Roadway”.

- Every way or place open to use for the public for the purpose of vehicular travel.

Roads-Signs-Signals & Markings

- **Roadway** - that portion of a street of highway improved, designed or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, exclusive of the berm or shoulder.



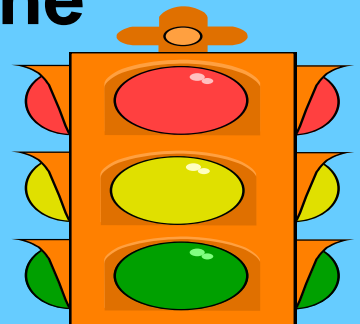
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Traffic Control Devices

- Stop, Yield, Speed
- Markings
- Solid Lines (No Passing).
- Broken Lines?

Traffic Control Signal Legend

- Green alone - vehicular traffic facing the signal may proceed straight through or turn right or left unless a sign at the place prohibits either turn.
- Yellow alone - vehicular traffic facing the signal is warned that the red signal will be exhibited immediately thereafter.
- Red alone - vehicular traffic facing the signal shall stop before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection.



Procedures for Enforcing Traffic Laws

- Uniform Traffic Citation
 - **Penalty Assessment**
 - accident resulting in injury or death
 - thirty days
 - **Court Appearance**
 - at least three days (10 working days)
 - **Warning Notice**
 - must sign



Traffic Laws

- Felonies –
- Misdemeanors –
- Petty Misdemeanors -
- Who Can Enforce?
- Emergency Vehicle Exemption -

Traffic Laws

- Most Motor Vehicle Code Violations are,
– Misdemeanors!!!!



STRICT LIABILITY

MOST NEW MEXICO TRAFFIC LAWS ARE
“**STRICT LIABILITY**” LAWS.

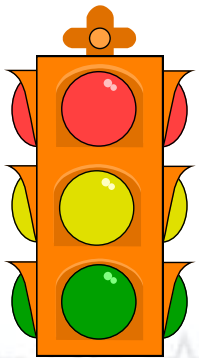
THIS MEANS THAT AN OFFICER DOES NOT
NEED TO PROVE THE DEFENDANT INTENDED
TO VIOLATE A TRAFFIC OFFENSE.

TAKING ENFORCEMENT ACTION

APPROACH THE MOTOR VEHICLE CODE WITH THIS
THOUGHT IN MIND:

“IS THE DRIVER’S ACTION REASONABLE OR IS HE
PROCEEDING IN A MANNER LIKELY TO CAUSE
AN ACCIDENT?”

IF HIS ACTION HAS CAUSED AN ACCIDENT, THERE
SHOULD BE NO QUESTION....



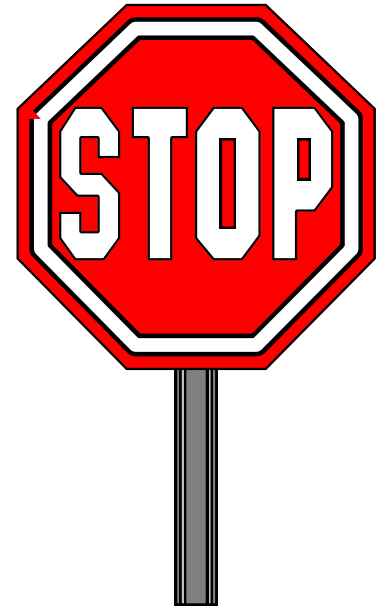
DECIDE WHICH SECTION BEST DESCRIBES HIS
ACTS AND **TAKE THE ENFORCEMENT ACTION
YOU DEEM NECESSARY!!!!**

MISDEMEANOR/PETTY MISDEMEANOR TRAFFIC CRIME COMMITTED

WITNESSED BY OFFICER

NOT IN OFFICER PRESENCE

BY CITIZEN



PROCEED BY COMPLAINT

ARREST - Where allowed by procedural law.

UNIFORM TRAFFIC CITATION

CRIMINAL COMPLAINT

Summons

Warrant

Magistrate Court/Metropolitan Court

Arraignment-----Pleas Heard

Motions Hearing-----Evidence, Bond,
Con. Issues

Trial-----Judge/Jury
Decide/Adjudge
Fair Contest

Appeal-----District Court
DA's Decision



35-3-6 JURISDICTION; Territorial Limits.

A. The territorial jurisdiction of a magistrate is coextensive with the magistrate district in which he serves, except that a magistrate has jurisdiction in any criminal action involving violation of a law relating to motor vehicles arising in any magistrate district adjoining at any point that in which he serves and within magistrate trial jurisdiction unless the defendant request trial by jury.

B. A magistrate has jurisdiction to sit in any action arising in any other magistrate district when designated to hear the action by any district judge because of the unavailability of a magistrate in that magistrate district. Any magistrate acting in another magistrate district by designation under this subsection shall include the cases heard by designation in his own reports to the administrative office of the courts, indicating thereon that his jurisdiction is by designation. No cost or fees shall be collected by any court for any filing or proceeding under this subsection.

MANDATORY ARREST

- Person request immediate appearance
- Person is charged with D.W.I.
- Person leaves the scene of an accident
- Person is charged with Reckless Driving
- Officer believes the person committed a Felony
- Person refuses to sign the citation
- Person is charged with driving while his license is revoked pursuant to 66-8-122G

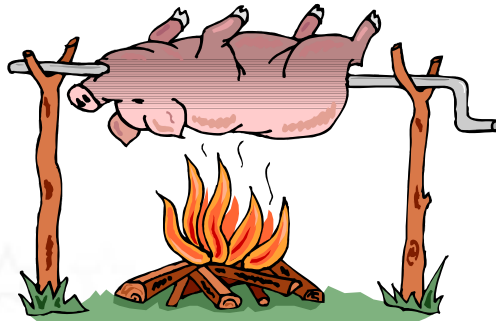


ARREST (Physical)

- **May arrest without a warrant**
 - Present at the scene of a motor vehicle accident
 - On a highway when charged with the theft of a motor vehicle
 - Charged with a crime in another jurisdiction (Warrant)



TerryTate



II. Traffic Enforcement Strategies

- **A. Define selective Enforcement (S.T.E.P)**
- 1. Tactical plans should be established for areas and times that have the greatest expectancy for crashes and violations.
- 2. Should be focused on violations which cause crashes and greatest hazards, (speeding, red light violation, following too closely.)
- 3. Tact plans need to change with changing needs of the areas.

Reasons for Issuing Warnings

- 1. Written versus verbal
 - a). Has greater influence on violators.
 - b). Aids in recording the incident.
- 2. When the violation is not likely to result in a crash.
- 3. Discretion of officer.

Information required on traffic citation.

- **1. Name and address of police department.**
- **2. Name and ID number of officer.**
- **3. Name and address of offender.**
- **4. Date and time of offense.**
- **5. Specific section of state statute or city ordinance.**

When to make notification for road repair.

- 1. Public Safety
 - a). Holes in roadway, spills, damaged overpasses
 - damaged guard rails.



Removal of vehicles obstructing traffic 66-7-350

- 1. Vehicle is stolen
- 2. Driver/owner unable to provide removal of vehicle
- 3. Driver/owner arrested
- 4. Vehicle was abandoned
 - a). Must notify owner of removal

Assisting stranded motorist

- 1. Safety of the motorist and officer (freeways)
- 2. Attempt to remove vehicle to safe place (push into a parking lot or onto a shoulder).
- 3. Assist in arranging other transportation
 - a). Friend, cab, tow truck.
 - b). Have radio dispatch make the calls if needed.

Ethical issues affected by traffic enforcement

- 1. Friends/Relatives
- 2. Community business owner
 - Places you eat, or shop
- 3. Other Officers their families
- 4. Refer to ethics curriculum

EQUIPMENT & UNSAFE VEHICLES

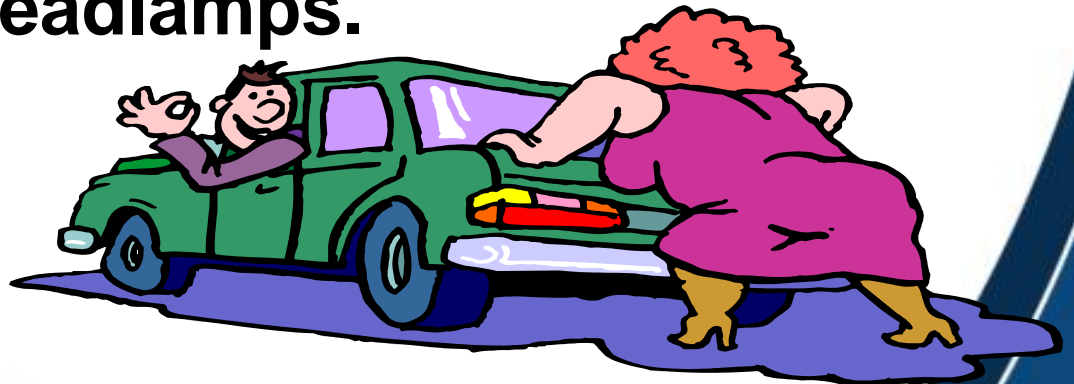
- **Equipment**

- It is a misdemeanor for any person to drive on any highway any vehicle which is in such a unsafe condition as to endanger any person.



EQUIPMENT & UNSAFE VEHICLES

- **When lighted lamps are required**
 - Every vehicle upon a highway any time from a 1/2 hour after sunset to a 1/2 hour before sunrise shall display lighted lamps.
- **Headlamps**
 - Every motor vehicle shall be equipped with at least two headlamps.



EQUIPMENT & UNSAFE VEHICLES

- **Tail Lamps**

- Every motor vehicle manufactured after July 1953 shall be equipped with at least two tail lamps.
- A separate lamp shall be placed as to illuminate with a **white** light the rear registration plate and render it clearly legible from a distance of 50 feet.

Equipment & Unsafe Vehicles

- **Reflectors**

- Every motor vehicle shall have two rear red reflectors.

Equipment & Unsafe Vehicles

- **Headlamps – requirements**
 - Shall be mounted so the beams are vertical & horizontal.
 - At least two headlights

Equipment & Unsafe Vehicles

- **Stop / Signal Lamps**
 - Shall be equipped with stop lamps
 - Shall be equipped with signals
 - (Must be working!)

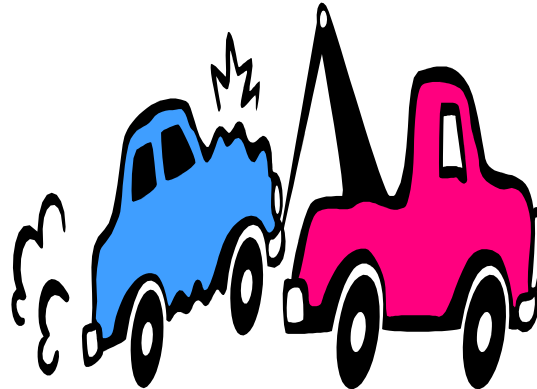
Equipment & Unsafe Vehicles

- **Brakes**
- **Mufflers**
- **Windshields**
- **Safety Belts**
- **Slow Moving Vehicles**

EQUIPMENT & UNSAFE VEHICLES

- **Unsafe Vehicles**

- No person shall drive any motor vehicle unless the equipment is in good working order, and the vehicle is in such safe mechanical condition as not to endanger other vehicles.



TAMPERING WITH A VEHICLE

• Injuring or tampering with a vehicle

- Any person who starts the engine of any motor vehicle without the authority of the owner.
- Purposely shift the gears of a motor vehicle without the authority of the owner.
- Purposely scratch or damage the vehicle.
- Purposely destroy any part of a motor vehicle.
- Drain any radiator, oil, or gas tank of a vehicle.
- Put any substance or liquid in the radiator, oil, or gas tank of a vehicle.
- Release the break upon a standing vehicle.

D.W.I

- **Driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.**
 - It is unlawful for any person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor to drive.
 - It is unlawful for any person who is under the influence of any drug to a degree that renders him incapable of safely driving a vehicle.



D.W.I.



- It is unlawful for any person who has an alcohol concentration of **.08** or more in his blood or breath to drive any vehicle.

- **Aggravated D.W.I.**

- Person who has an alcohol concentration of **.16** or more in his blood or breath while driving.
- Person who **causes bodily injury** to a human being while driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.
- Person **refuses to submit to chemical testing** as provided for in the Implied Consent Act.

VEHICULAR HOMICIDE

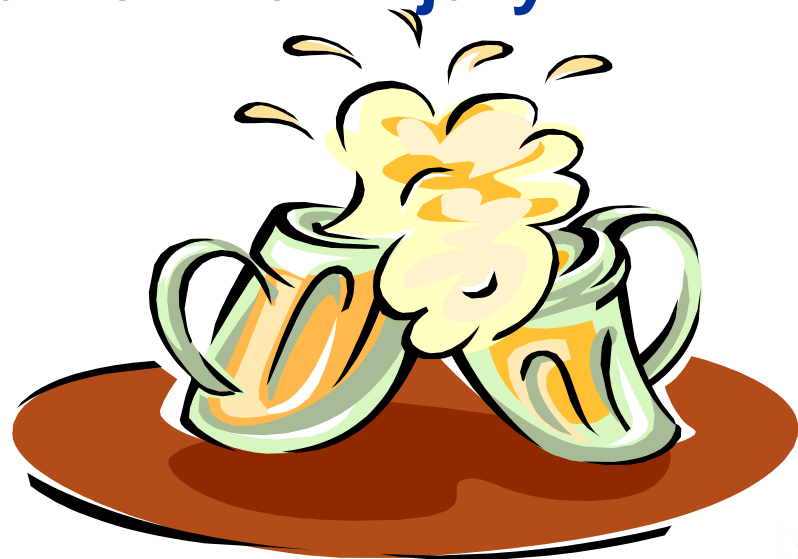
- **Homicide by vehicle; great bodily injury by vehicle**
 - Homicide by vehicle is the killing of a human being in the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle.
 - Great bodily injury by vehicle is the injuring of a human being in the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle.
 - D.W.I
 - Reckless Driving
 - Resisting, Evading, or Obstructing an Officer



VEHICULAR HOMICIDE

Injury to Pregnant Woman.

Unlawful operation of a motor vehicle causing her to suffer a miscarriage or stillbirth as a result of that injury.



IMPLIED CONSENT ACT



- Any person who operates a motor vehicle within this state shall be deemed to have given consent to chemical test of his breath or blood or both.
- Blood alcohol test (who can administer)
 - Only a physician, licensed professional or practical nurse or laboratory technician or technologist employed by a hospital shall withdraw blood from any person in the performance of a blood-alcohol test.

IMPLIED CONSENT ACT

- **Consent of person incapable of refusal not withdrawn.**
 - Any person who is dead, unconscious or otherwise in a condition rendering him incapable of refusal, shall be deemed not to have withdrawn consent.
 - The person tested shall be advised of the right to have an additional chemical test in addition to any test performed by the law enforcement officer.
 - The law enforcement agency shall pay for the additional chemical test.



INTOXICATION LEVELS

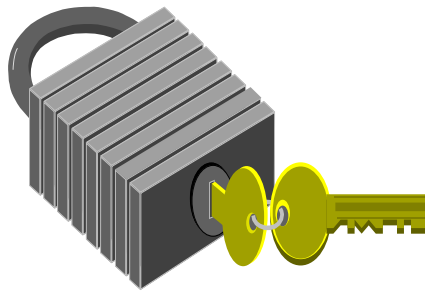


- Levels of Intoxication

- When the blood or breath of the person tested contains.
 - An alcohol concentration of **less than .04** it shall be presumed that the person was not D.W.I.
 - An alcohol concentration of **.04 -.07** no presumption shall be made.
 - An alcohol concentration of **.08 or more**, the arresting officer shall charge him with D.W.I.
 - If the person is less than 21 and has an alcohol concentration of **.02** or more, the person drivers license shall be revoked.

FELONIES & ENFORCEMENT

- **Unlawful taking of a vehicle or motor vehicle**
 - Person who takes a vehicle or motor vehicle without the consent of the owner is guilty of a felony.



Receiving or Transferring Stolen Vehicles

- Person who unlawfully takes, receives, or transfers possession of a vehicle or motor vehicle (felony)
- Person who has in his possession a vehicle which he knows or has a reason to believe has been stolen or taken (felony)



ALTERING VINS

- **Altering vehicle identification numbers**
 - Person who has in his possession a vehicle or motor vehicle engine which has had its serial number removed, defaced, covered, altered, or destroyed.
 - Law Enforcement Officer may impound vehicle for 96 hours. If impound falls on weekend may impound vehicle for 6 days.

ALTERED DRIVERS LICENSE

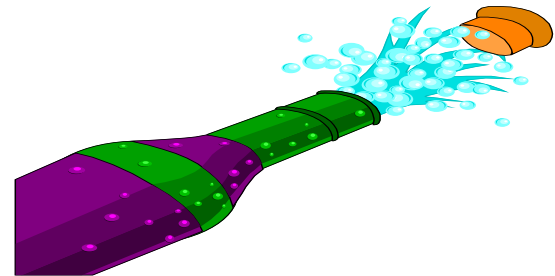
- **Altered forged or fictitious drivers license**
 - Person who uses or possesses an altered forged or fictitious license (misdemeanor)
 - Person who alters or forges a license or makes a fictitious license (felony)

ALTERED REGISTRATION

- **Improper display** - person who displays upon a vehicle a registration plate, validating sticker or permit not issued to the vehicle (misdemeanor)
- **False evidences of title and registration** - person who alters certificate of title or registration plate (felony)

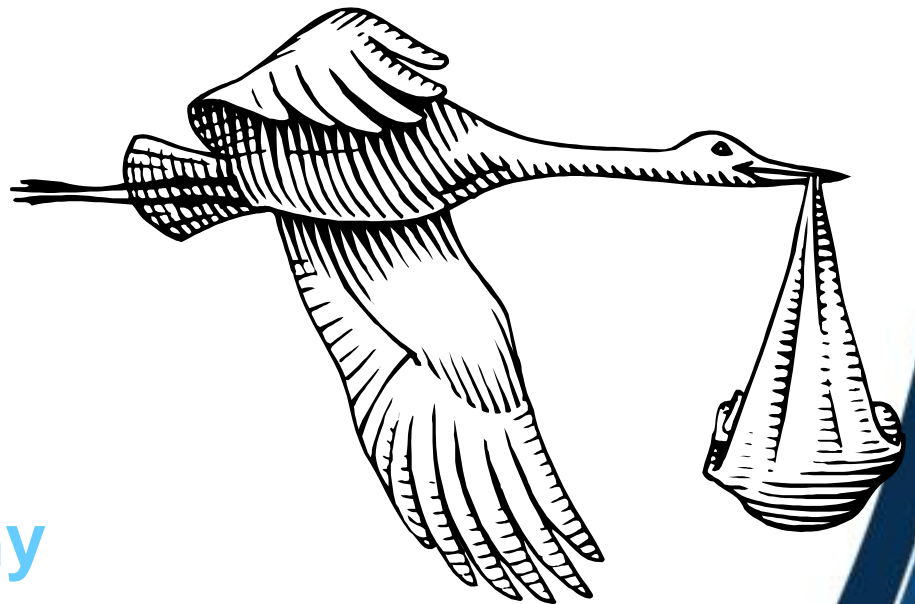
VEHICULAR HOMICIDE

- Vehicular homicide, great bodily injury by vehicle
 - **Homicide by vehicle** - is the unlawful killing of a human being in the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle.
 - D.W.I.
 - Reckless Driving
 - Resting, Evading or Obstructing an Officer



Injury to Pregnant Woman by Vehicle

- Is injury to a pregnant woman by a person in the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle.
 - Miscarriage
 - Stillbirth
 - D.W.I.
 - Reckless
 - 3rd Degree Felony



CRIMINAL OFFENSES

Arrest without a warrant

1. **Falsely Obtaining Services**
2. **Shoplifting**
3. **Reasonable Detention**
4. **Assault/Battery Criminal Damage to
Property/Public Affray**
5. **Domestic**

OTHER CRIMINAL OFFENSES

Other Criminal Offenses

1. **Unlawful carrying of a deadly weapon**
2. **Unlawful Possession of a weapon**
3. **Negligent use of a weapon**
4. **Unlawful possession of switchblades**
5. **Detoxification**

ACCIDENTS

- **Immediate notice of accidents**
 - The driver of a vehicle involved in an accident resulting in **bodily injury** or **death** or **property damage** to an extent of **\$500 dollars** or more shall immediately give notice of the accident.



ACCIDENTS



- **Accidents involving death or personal injuries**

- The driver of a vehicle involved in an accident resulting in injury to or death shall immediately stop the vehicle at the scene of the accident.
 - Any person failing to stop where the accident results in great bodily harm or death is guilty of a **4th degree Felony**.
 - Any person who knowingly fails to stop where the accident results in great bodily harm or death is guilty of a **3rd degree Felony**.
 - Any person who fails to stop where the accident does not result in great bodily harm or death is guilty of a **misdemeanor**.

ACCIDENTS

Duty to give information

- The driver of any vehicle involved in an accident resulting in injury to or death, or damage to any vehicle shall give his name, address and the registration number of the vehicle he is driving and shall exhibit his drivers license to the other driver.



DRIVERS LICENSE

- **Drivers must be licensed**
 - No person shall drive any motor vehicle or moped upon a highway in this state unless he holds a valid license issued under the provisions of the Motor Vehicle Code.



DRIVERS LICENSE

- Persons exempt from licensure
- Instruction Permit
- Provisional License
- Mandatory Revocation

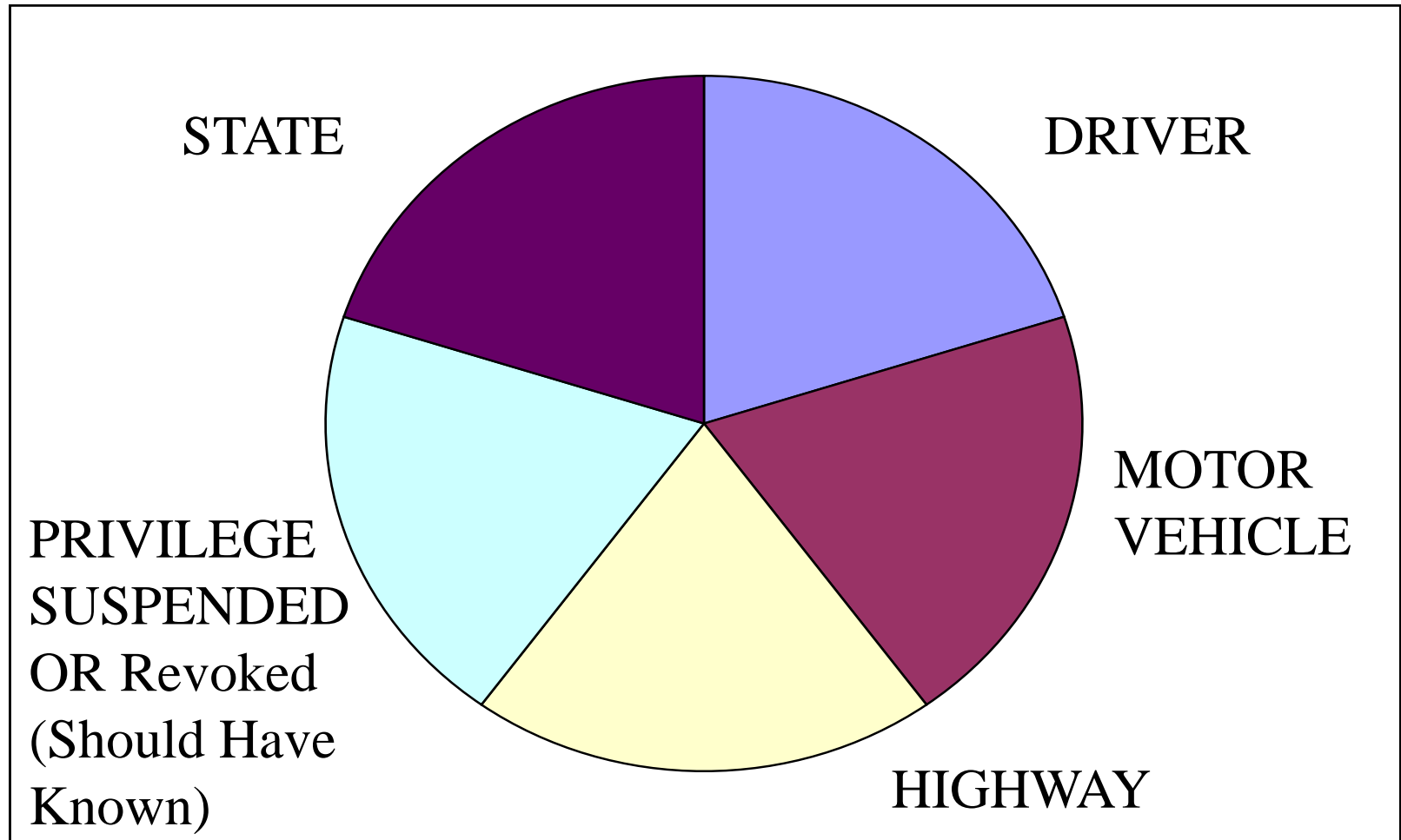


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DRIVERS LICENSE

- **Restricted License**
- **License to be carried**
- **Permitting a violation**
- **Perjury**

Suspended / Revoked License



ALTERED DRIVERS LICENSE

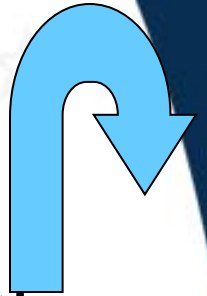
- **Altered forged or fictitious drivers license**
 - Person who uses or possesses an altered forged or fictitious license (misdemeanor)
 - Person who alters or forges a license or makes a fictitious license (felony)

FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY ACT

- **Vehicle must be insured**
 - No owner shall permit the operation of an uninsured motor vehicle upon the streets or highways of New Mexico unless the vehicle is specifically exempted.
 - **Uninsured Vehicle Procedure**
 - Issue the driver a citation for no insurance
 - Issue the driver a temporary sticker for thirty days
 - Remove the license plate



RULES OF THE ROAD



- **Right of Way** - means the privilege of the immediate use of the roadway
- **Drive on right side of roadway** - a vehicle shall be driven upon the right half of the roadway
- **Meeting vehicles** - drivers of vehicles proceeding in opposite directions shall pass each other to the right. Each driver shall give to the other at least one-half of the main-traveled portion

RULES OF THE ROAD

- **Driving on roadways laned for traffic** - when a roadway has been divided into two or more lanes the following shall apply.
 - a vehicle shall be driven within a single lane
 - when a roadway has been divided into three lanes a vehicle shall not drive in the center lane unless overtaking and passing another vehicle



RULES OF THE ROAD

- **One way roadways** - a vehicle shall be driven only in the direction designated.
- **Restricted access** - no person shall drive a vehicle onto or from any controlled-access roadway.
- **Driving on divided highways** - no vehicle shall be driven over, across or within any such dividing space, barrier or section.

RULES OF THE ROAD

- **Start from park** - no person shall start a vehicle which is stopped, standing or parked unless and until such movement can be made with reasonable safety.
- **Control of speed**
 - excessive
 - minimum
 - construction zones
 - for road conditions

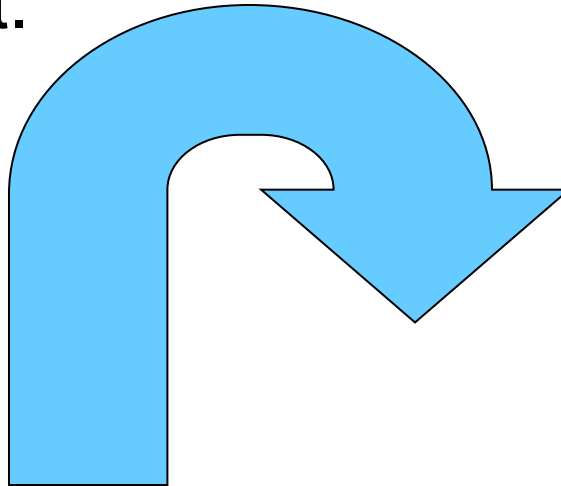


RULES OF THE ROAD

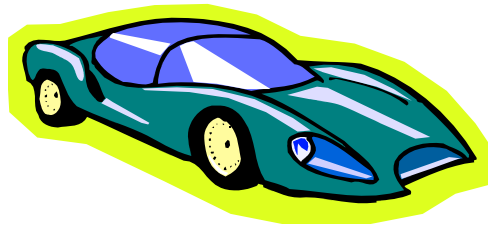
- **Turning movements and required signals**
 - No person shall so turn any vehicle without giving an appropriate signal.
 - A signal of intention to turn right or left shall be given continuously during not less than the last one hundred feet.
 - No person shall stop or suddenly decrease the speed of a vehicle without first giving an appropriate signal.

RULES OF THE ROAD

- **Turning on curve or crest of grade**
 - no vehicle shall be turned as to proceed in the opposite direction upon any curve, or near the crest of a grade within one thousand feet.



RULES OF THE ROAD



- **Passing**

- On the right - a vehicle may pass when the vehicle overtaken is making a left turn
 - when there is two or more lanes of travel
 - on a one way street
- In no event shall such movement be made by driving off the pavement or main traveled portion of the roadway.

RULES OF THE ROAD

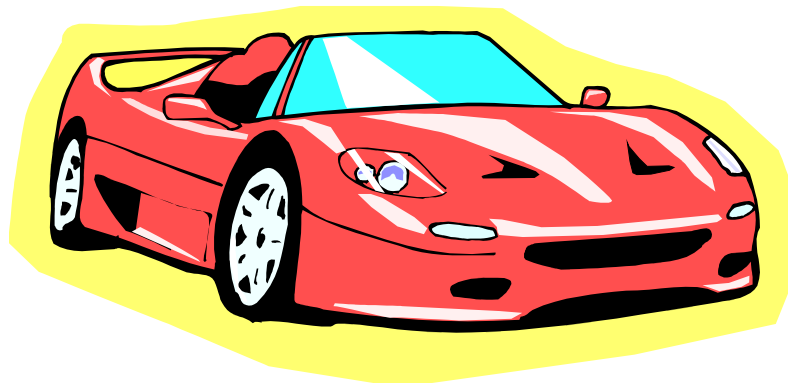


- **Passing on the left**

- A vehicle shall not pass a vehicle unless such movement can be made with reasonable safety and shall not again drive to the right until clear of the overtaken vehicle.
- A vehicle overtaking and passing must return to the right side of the roadway before coming within 100 feet of any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction.

RULES OF THE ROAD

- **No passing zones**
 - no driver shall at any time drive on the left side of the roadway within the no passing zone.



RULES OF THE ROAD

- **Following too closely**
 - the driver of a motor vehicle shall not follow another vehicle more closely than is reasonable and prudent.
- **Approach of oncoming vehicles**
 - upon the immediate approach of an oncoming vehicle overtaking or attempting to overtake a vehicle proceeding in the same direction, the driver of that vehicle shall yield the right of way.

RULES OF THE RULES

- **Intersection rules**

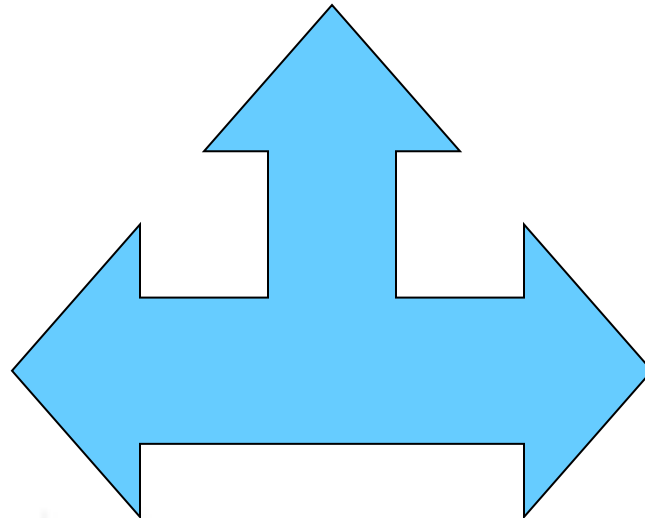
- Intersection - the area embraced within the prolongation or connection of the lateral curb lines, or the area within which vehicles traveling upon different highways may come in conflict.

Required position and method of turning - the driver of a vehicle intending to turn right shall turn as close as practicable to the right hand edge of the roadway.



RULES OF THE ROAD

- **Vehicles approaching or entering intersection**
 - the driver of a vehicle approaching an intersection shall yield the right of way.



RULES OF THE ROAD



- **Vehicles turning left at intersections**

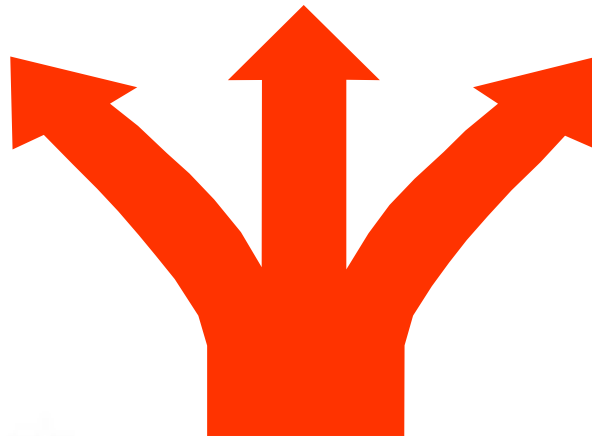
- the driver of a vehicle within an intersection intending to turn left shall yield the right of way to on coming traffic

Vehicles entering stop or yield intersection

- every driver of a vehicle approaching a stop intersection indicated by a stop sign shall stop.
- every driver of a vehicle approaching a yield intersection shall yield the right of way.

RULES OF THE ROAD

- **Vehicle entering highway from private road or driveway.**
 - The driver of a vehicle about to enter or cross a highway from a private driveway shall yield the right of way.



RULES OF THE ROAD



- **Backing**

- the driver of a vehicle shall not back unless the movement can be made with reasonable safety.
- The driver of a vehicle shall not back upon any shoulder or roadway of any controlled access highway.

SEAT BELTS

- **Safety belt use required**
 - each occupant of a motor vehicle having a gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or less shall have a safety belt properly fastened about his body at all times.



CHILD RESTRAINTS

- **Child passenger restraint**
 - No person shall operate a passenger car, van or pickup truck unless all passengers less than 18 are properly restrained.
 - Children **less than 1** shall be in a child passenger restraint device (rear-facing).
 - Children **1 to 4** shall be in a child passenger restraint device.
 - Children **5 to 12** shall be secured by a child passenger restraint device or by a seat belt.

OPEN CONTAINERS

- **Consumption or possession of alcoholic beverages in a motor vehicle**
 - No person shall knowingly drink any alcoholic beverage while in a motor vehicle upon a highway.
 - No person shall knowingly have in his possession any bottle, can or other receptacle containing any alcoholic beverage which has been opened while in a motor vehicle upon a highway.
 - **Exceptions**
 - In the trunk of a vehicle
 - In the living quarters of a motor home
 - a truck camper
 - In the bed of a pick-up truck



RECKLESS DRIVING

- Reckless Driving
 - Any person who drives any vehicle carelessly and heedlessly in willful or wanton disregard of the rights or safety of others and without due caution and circumspection and at a speed or in a manner so as to endanger or be likely to endanger any person or property.
 - Normally two or more hazardous driving acts in rapid succession.

CARELESS DRIVING



- Careless Driving
 - Any person operating a vehicle on the highway shall give his full time and entire attention to the operation of the vehicle
 - Any person who operates a vehicle in a careless, inattentive or imprudent manner, without due regard for the width, grade, curves, corners, traffic, weather, and road conditions and all other attendant circumstances.
 - Useful for unusual or special circumstances

Approach of Emergency Vehicle



- Operation of vehicles on approach of authorized emergency vehicles
 - Upon the immediate approach of an authorized emergency vehicle the driver of every vehicle shall yield the right of way and shall immediately drive to a position parallel to, and as close as possible to the right hand edge or curb of the roadway.
 - **The driver of an authorized emergency vehicle must drive with due regard for the safety of all persons using the highway.**

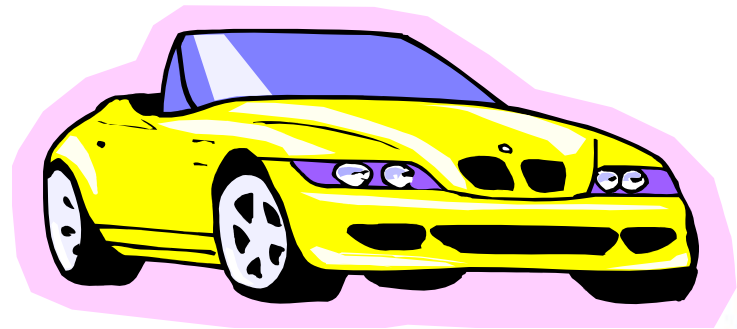
Resisting, Evading or Obstructing an Officer

- Resisting, evading or obstructing an officer
 - Willfully refusing to bring a vehicle to a stop when given a visual or audible signal to stop, whether by hand, voice, emergency light, flashing light, siren or other signal, by a uniformed officer in an appropriately marked police vehicle.



REGISTRATION

- Vehicles subject to registration
 - Every motor vehicle, trailer, semi-trailer and pole trailer when driven or moved upon a highway is subject to registration and certificate of title.
 - Exceptions



REGISTRATION

- Application
 - Name & address
 - Description of vehicle including make, model, type of body, serial #, odometer, and VIN.
 - Statement of title, and all liens on vehicle.

REGISTRATION

- Evidence of Registration
- Display of Plate
- Renewal / Expiration
- Authority to TOW

REGISTRATION

- Transfer of Ownership
 - If owner sells transfers or assigns his title to another – registration shall expire.

REGISTRATION

- Improper Use (Misdemeanor)
 - No person shall lend to another, knowingly permit the use, nor shall any person display
- False Evidence of Title & Registration
 - (Felony)
 - To alter with fraudulent intent
 - To forge or counterfeit any document or plate.
 - To alter or falsify

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
TAXATION & REVENUE DEPARTMENT
MOTOR VEHICLE DIVISION
**APPLICATION FOR VEHICLE
TITLE AND REGISTRATION**
MVD-10002, REV. 1/99

Title Number

**DIVISION
USE ONLY**

**- PLEASE READ
IMPORTANT
INFORMATION
ON REVERSE SIDE -**



Vehicle Identification Number		Year	Make	Model / Series	Number of Liens	Color(s)	Major	Minor
Secondary ID Number		Wt./Wheels	First Year Reg.	Date of Issue	Type of Title	01 - First Time 04 - Duplicate 02 - Title Transfer 05 - No Fee Cert. 03 - Lien Release 11 - Non-Negotiable		
Name and Residence Address of Registered Owner(s)			DGVW	Cyls.	Body Type	Type of Fuel	(G) - Gasoline (D) - Diesel (L) - Liquified (C) - Other	
			License Plate Number(s)		Vehicle Brand		Vehicle Class	
			Title Use	Previous Title No. and State		Date Purchased		
Fleet Number	Commercial Vehicle	"2290"	2-Year Registration	# of Passengers	# of Doors	# of Seals		
1st Reg. Owner's Social Security / Employer Identification / CRS No.			1st Reg. Owner D.O.B.		N.M. Driver License No.		N.M. Veteran Cert. No.	
FIRST LIEN HOLDER	File Date	Maturity Date		SECOND LIEN HOLDER	File Date	Maturity Date		
Name and Address <i>SAMPLE</i>				Name and Address <i>SAMPLE</i>				
Canceled Pit. No.	Dealer Lic. No.	Mobile Home Size	Cnty.	Approximate Location (Mobile Home)			Suspended By:	
Trade-In VIN (If Applicable)				REG. EXPIRATION: MONTH DAY YEAR Reg. Sticker Number:			Cleared By:	
Mailing Address If Different Than Residence Address				IMPORTANT: THERE IS A PENALTY CHARGE FOR FAILING TO RENEW BY THIS DEADLINE.			Sale Price:	
							Less Trade-In:	
*ODOMETER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT				FEDERAL AND STATE LAW REQUIRES THE TRANSFEROR (SELLER) OF A VEHICLE TO STATE THE ODOMETER MILEAGE UPON TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP. ANYONE CONVICTED OF A FRAUDULENT ODOMETER STATEMENT WILL BE SUBJECT TO FINES AND / OR IMPRISONMENT. I hereby certify that the ODOMETER READING of the vehicle described above is: _____ (no tenths) miles and that to the best of my knowledge stated mileage is (check one of the following): *Mileage Codes <input type="checkbox"/> THE ACTUAL MILEAGE (AM)* <input type="checkbox"/> MILEAGE IN EXCESS OF MECHANICAL LIMITS (EL)* <input type="checkbox"/> WARNING: NOT THE ACTUAL MILEAGE - ODOMETER DISCREPANCY (NM)*				
Printed Name of Seller: _____ Signature of Seller: _____ Date of Statement: _____ Printed Name of Purchaser: _____ Signature of Purchaser: _____ Date of Statement: _____				Net Difference: Net Excise Tax: 90 Registration: 52 Late Reg. Penalty: 51 Vets. Allowance: Net Registration: Spec. Plate Fee: 61 Admin. Fee: 55 Transaction Fee: 70 Late Transfer Fee: 72 Duplicate Title Fee:				
APPLICANT CERTIFICATION: I (We) hereby certify that the information given herein is true and correct to the best of my (our) knowledge and affirm that I (we) am (are) financially responsible as defined in the Mandatory Financial Responsibility Act. See reverse side. Signature of 1st Registered Owner: _____ Signature of 2nd Registered Owner: _____ Insurance Company Name: _____ Policy No. _____ Policy Effective Date: _____ Policy Expiration Date: _____				THE DIVISION IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR FALSE OR FRAUDULENT STATEMENTS MADE IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION OR HELD LIABLE FOR RECORDING ERRORS.				
REMARKS				ACCEPTED BY: Signature of M.V.D. Employee: _____ Date: _____ TOTAL FEES: \$				

BACK OF N.M. TITLE

IMPORTANT: Buyer (except for dealers) must apply to the Motor Vehicle Division within 30 days for transfer of title and registration. Federal and State law requires the seller (including dealers) to state the odometer mileage upon transfer of ownership. ANYONE CONVICTED OF A FALSE ODOMETER STATEMENT WILL BE SUBJECT TO FINES AND/OR IMPRISONMENT.

ASSIGNMENT OF TITLE FOR THE EXACT AMOUNT OF \$ _____ day of _____, 19____
transfer and convey this _____ to _____
Buyer's Name(s): _____
Address: _____

the vehicle described on the front side of the Certificate of Title and warrant it at time of delivery to be free of any liens or encumbrances unless specified below. IF NO LIEN, WRITE WORD "NONE"

Name & Address of Lienholder: _____
Lienholder No. (if any) _____ File Date _____ Maturity Date _____

ODOMETER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT: I (we) hereby certify that the ODOMETER READING of this vehicle is: _____ (NO TENTHS) miles and that stated mileage is (check one of the following): A. ☐ The actual mileage OR B. ☐ Mileage in excess of mechanical limits OR C. ☐ NOT the actual mileage. WARNING - ODOMETER DISCREPANCY.

Signature(s) of Seller(s) _____ Printed Name _____
Signature(s) of Seller(s) _____ Printed Name _____
Signature(s) of Buyer(s) _____ Printed Name _____

FIRST REASSIGNMENT BY DEALER: FOR VALUE RECEIVED, I hereby sell, reassign, transfer and convey this _____ day of _____, 19____

Buyer's Name(s): _____
Address: _____

the vehicle described on the front side of the Certificate of Title and warrant it at time of delivery to be free of any liens or encumbrances unless specified below. IF NO LIEN, WRITE WORD "NONE"

Name & Address of Lienholder: _____
Lienholder No. (if any) _____ File Date _____ Maturity Date _____

ODOMETER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT: I (we) hereby certify that the ODOMETER READING of this vehicle is: _____ (NO TENTHS) miles and that stated mileage is (check one of the following): A. ☐ The actual mileage OR B. ☐ Mileage in excess of mechanical limits OR C. ☐ NOT the actual mileage. WARNING - ODOMETER DISCREPANCY.

Signature of Authorized Agent _____ Printed Name _____
Buyer's Signature _____ Printed Name _____

SECOND REASSIGNMENT BY DEALER: FOR VALUE RECEIVED, I hereby sell, reassign, transfer and convey this _____ day of _____, 19____

Buyer's Name(s): _____
Address: _____

the vehicle described on the front side of the Certificate of Title and warrant it at time of delivery to be free of any liens or encumbrances unless specified below. IF NO LIEN, WRITE WORD "NONE"

Name & Address of Lienholder: _____
Lienholder No. (if any) _____ File Date _____ Maturity Date _____

ODOMETER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT: I (we) hereby certify that the ODOMETER READING of this vehicle is: _____ (NO TENTHS) miles and that stated mileage is (check one of the following): A. ☐ The actual mileage OR B. ☐ Mileage in excess of mechanical limits OR C. ☐ NOT the actual mileage. WARNING - ODOMETER DISCREPANCY.

Signature of Authorized Agent _____ Printed Name _____
Buyer's Signature _____ Printed Name _____

THIRD REASSIGNMENT BY DEALER: FOR VALUE RECEIVED, I hereby sell, reassign, transfer and convey this _____ day of _____, 19____

Buyer's Name(s): _____
Address: _____

the vehicle described on the front side of the Certificate of Title and warrant it at time of delivery to be free of any liens or encumbrances unless specified below. IF NO LIEN, WRITE WORD "NONE"


Name & Address of Lienholder: _____
Lienholder No. (if any) _____ File Date _____ Maturity Date _____

ODOMETER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT: I (we) hereby certify that the ODOMETER READING of this vehicle is: _____ (NO TENTHS) miles and that stated mileage is (check one of the following): A. ☐ The actual mileage OR B. ☐ Mileage in excess of mechanical limits OR C. ☐ NOT the actual mileage. WARNING - ODOMETER DISCREPANCY.

Signature of Authorized Agent _____ Printed Name _____
Buyer's Signature _____ Printed Name _____

ANY ALTERATIONS OR ERASURES WILL VOID THIS TITLE

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER				TYPE OF TITLE				TITLE NUMBER			
ENGINE OR OTHER I.D. NUMBER				PREVIOUS TITLE NUMBER AND STATE				1ST REG		DATE OF ISSUE	
YEAR	MAKE	MODEL	BODY	CYLS.	GVW	WT./WHEELS	TYPE OF FUEL	LIENS			
1st LIENHOLDER (OR OWNER(S) IF NO LIEN)						LICENSE PLATE NUMBER(S)					
FILE DATE				MATURITY DATE		VEHICLE CLASS		CLERK			
REGISTERED OWNER(S)				ODOMETER & CODE		MH SIZE		CNTY.			
SECOND LIENHOLDER				LOCATION OF MANUFACTURED HOME							
FILE DATE				MATURITY DATE		DO NOT CARRY IN VEHICLE - KEEP IN SAFE PLACE. IMPORTANT: THERE IS AN ADDITIONAL STATUTORY FEE FOR FAILURE BY PURCHASER TO APPLY FOR TRANSFER WITHIN 30 DAYS FROM DATE OF SALE.					



NOT A TITLE NO.
11715165

I hereby certify, that interest in the vehicle described above on this Certificate of Title is hereby released.

RELEASE OF LIEN Name of Lienholder: _____	Full Signature of Authorized Agent Date: _____
----------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------

THIS CERTIFICATE OF TITLE IS EVIDENCE OF LEGAL OWNERSHIP OF THE VEHICLE DESCRIBED ABOVE. UPON SALE OF THIS VEHICLE, THIS CERTIFICATE MUST BE PROPERLY ASSIGNED ON THE BACK AND PRESENTED BY THE PURCHASER TO THE MOTOR VEHICLE DIVISION FOR TRANSFER. THE DIVISION IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR FALSE OR FRAUDULENT STATEMENTS MADE IN CONNECTION WITH THIS CERTIFICATE OF TITLE OR HELD LIABLE FOR RECORDING ERRORS.

MVD-10039 REV. 6/2000

THE EXPIRATION DATE
LISTED HEREON APPLIES
ONLY IF THE PREMIUM HAS
BEEN PAID.

CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE - STATE OF

Policy Number

Year

Make

Vehicle I.D. No.

Expiration
Date

Issued
Date

, an
authorized New Mexico Insurer, in compliance with New Mexico Mandatory Financial
Responsibility Act, certifies that it has issued a policy in an amount not less
than that required by the New Mexico Financial Responsibility Law for the described
motor vehicle.

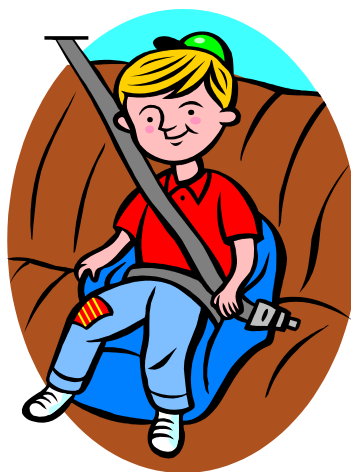
25-1730 2-01 1151 3600

Sample



**KEEP THIS CERTIFICATE IN YOUR AUTOMOBILE AT ALL TIMES
READ REVERSE SIDE CAREFULLY**

OPERATION BUCKLE DOWN



Occupant Safety

- 1. Seat belts
 - a). lap
 - b). shoulder harness
- 2. Air bags
 - a). driver side
 - b). passenger side
- 3. Child restraint devices
 - a). ages
 - b). weight
 - c). safety seats
 - d). harness buckles

Occupant Safety Cont.

- 4. Effectiveness of use
 - a). Current statistics



Crash and injury risks of driving faced by police and the public

- 1. The events that happen in a crash
 - a). Six types of crashes
 - 1). Frontal
 - 2). Rear
 - 3). Lateral
 - 4). Rotational
 - 5). Rollover
 - 6). Vault/flip



The relationship between crash types and injuries suffered by unrestrained occupants.

- a). Frontal impact
 - 1). Unrestrained or improperly restrained occupants can move in one of two ways:
 - (a). Down and under
 - (b). Up and over

Continued

- b). Rear impact
 - 1). Description
 - 2). Injuries
- c). Lateral/side
 - 1). Description
 - 2). Injuries
- d). Rotational
 - 1). Description
 - 2). Injuries



Continued

- e). Rollover
 - 1). Description
 - 2). Injuries
- f). Vault flip
 - 1). Description
 - 2). Injuries

The benefits of occupant protection for police officers.

- 1. General driving risks
 - a). Crash statistics
 - 1). Injuries
 - 2). Death
- 2. Driving conditions law officers face.
- 3. Police vehicle and equipment.
- 4. Cost of crashes.

Myths and misconceptions related to use of occupant protection devices by officers and by the general public.

- 1. Officer reasons for not wearing seat belts
 - a). I'm in/out of my patrol car too often.
 - b). I feel safer without the belt.
 - c). It gets my uniform dirty.
 - d). Nothing will happen to me

Continued

- 2. General public reasons for not wearing seat belts
 - a). It won't happen to me
 - b). I don't want to be trapped in a burning car.
 - c). Takes too much time.

What happens in a crash?

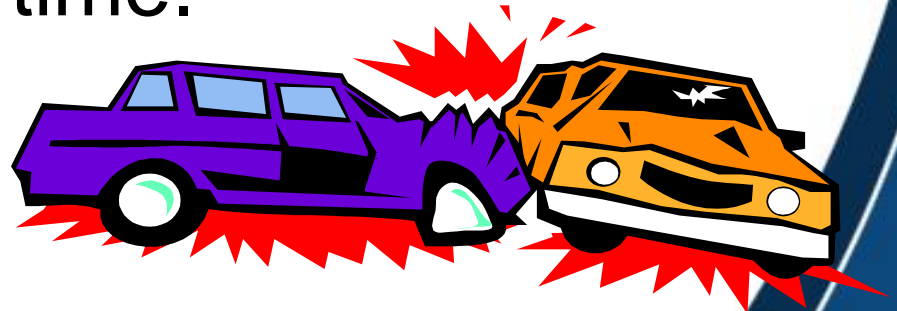
- a). Vehicle collision
 - 1). One vehicle collides with another or with an object .
- b). The human collision
 - 1). Occupant collides with the inside of the vehicle (steering wheel, dash, windshield, another occupant.)
- c). The internal collision
 - 1). Internal organs collide with the body's boney structure.

Why do we need occupant protection laws?

- a). To save lives
- b). To reduce injury severity levels
- c). To reduce health care costs
- d). To reduce motor vehicle insurance premiums

Enforcing this law may: (giving tickets)

- a). Keep you from investigating a crash with injuries and maybe fatalities
- b). Reduce your need to make death notifications
- c). Shorten your report - writing time and other paperwork time.



Police Officer's Role

- 1. If observed by the public not wearing seatbelt.
 - Public will say law enforcement is not serious
 - It will appear hypocritical when we discuss belts at a stop.
 - Officers will be more reluctantly to stop vehicles because of his/her own practice.



The Lost Dr. Seuss Poem



I Love My Job!

I love my job. I love the pay!
I love it more and more each day.
I love my boss, he is the best!
I love his boss and all the rest.

I love my office and its location. I hate to have to go on vacation.
I love my furniture, drab and grey, and piles of paper that grow each day!
I think my job is really swell, there's nothing else I love so well.
I love to work among my peers, I love their leers and jeers and sneers.
I love my computer and its software; I hug it often though it won't care.
I love each program and every file, I'd love them more if they worked a while.

I'm happy to be here. I am. I am.
I'm the happiest slave of the Firm, I am.
I love this work. I love these chores.
I love the meetings with deadly bores.

I love my job - I'll say it again - I even love those friendly men.
Those friendly men who've come today, in clean white coats to take me away!!!!

THANK
YOU AND
BEST OF
LUCK!!